

THE MEETING.  
K. O. P. RECEPTION.  
Wholesale Saddlery  
Advance Prices  
or Cent.

There was quite a stir among the members of the charitable and benevolent order of the Knights of Pythias in Decatur last night. It was specially notable because of the visitation of John A. Miller, of Cairo, grand chancellor; John J. Brown, of Vandalia, grand vice chancellor; and Henry P. Caldwell, of Chicago, grand keeper of records and seals. The grand officers were received and entertained at the St. Nicholas by the special committees from Chevalier Bayard and Couer de Leon Lodges—Charles Kellam, R. J. Simpson, A. T. Summers, W. P. Shadé and A. T. Grist, and at the castle hall of Chevalier Bayard Lodge which was crowded with Decatur and visiting brothers. The amplified work in the Third Rank was beautiful and grandly illustrated. The reception of the grand lodge officials was cordial and hearty. They were escorted to the hall and to the floor of the lodge by the committee and Decatur Division, No. 36, Uniform Rank, and the grand honors were given. Addresses on the teachings and growth of the order were given by Mr. Miller, Mr. Brown and Mr. Caldwell. There are 550 lodges in the state, having a total membership of 37,000. Among the visitors were the following from Clinton: J. J. Tread, Henry Blome, Thomas Ewing, Perry Hughes, Register, John Hendricks, Joseph Morse, Alex Campbell, Wm. Campbell, C. C. B. Craig, Edward Sweeney, R. Carter, Ed. Cackley, A. Hedger, W. Crawford, Bert Henion, Dr. Hunter, Chas. Cline, Harry Cline, Lewis Ricky, L. Merriman, Charles Brown, John Clark, Mayor H. A. Magill, Daniel Crang, John Sprague, John Reinbold, Hon. Michael Donahue, L. Lemon, William Minor, Charles Linington, Wm. Gorman, John and James Drake, A. J. Latimer and A. R. Randle, members of Plantagenet Lodge; also Rev. Mr. Wood, Will Foster, Dr. George Weyl and others, of Marion.

The candidates for the Third Rank were George W. Jones and W. H. Black. After the illustration of the work the grand lodge officials and visitors, as the guests of Chevalier Bayard lodge, took luncheon at Clint Brodus' restaurant. It was after one o'clock before many of the local Knights reached their homes.

#### The Facts.

Manager Ferguson, of the street car line, says he wishes the facts to be known regarding the accident which recently befell Pat Graham and Joseph Sutter. Mr. Ferguson states that the motorman was running at a low rate of speed and ahead of him at the side of the track the two gentlemen were riding along on a road cart. The horse did not pay any attention to the car until alongside it, when the animal commenced backing and did not stop until car, cart, riders and all were mixed up. The car, however, was stopped within twenty feet and did not run a block as reported in a morning paper.

#### Will Meet in Decatur.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 8.—State Superintendent Inglis to-day issued his call for sectional meetings of all school teachers in the state for special examinations. The places and the dates for the meetings are as follows: May 14, at Carbondale; May 15, East St. Louis; May 16, Olney; May 21, Decatur; May 22, Galesburg; May 23, Chicago, county superintendent's office.

#### Colored Men Called.

All the colored voters of Decatur are requested to meet at the hall on North Park street, near the Woman's Club building, on Wednesday evening, April 10, at 8 o'clock sharp. Business of importance will be transacted. By order of the standing committee.

PETER MITCHELL, Chairman.

W. B. WOODFORD, Secy.

#### Buckley's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hand, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By KING & HUBBARD.

B. F. McCLELLAND, of Sullivan, has been elected principal of the preparatory and normal department of Western College at Toledo, at \$1,000 a year.

Four citizens of Oxford, Menard county, have formed a stock company for the purpose of building a hall. Stock to the amount of \$750 has been subscribed.

The house, barn, and outbuildings of L. D. Farnsworth, of Odgen, with 40 bushels of corn were burned. All the furniture and nearly all the clothing was burned.

Most people can not afford to experiment. They want immediate relief. That's why they use One Minute Cough Cure. C. H. Dawson.

CHARLES MARTENS, a Pekin butcher, accidentally had a meat hook driven through his hand. The injury is a very serious one.

of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

# The Daily Republican.

VOL. XXIII. NO. 10

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1895.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

## Race Clothing Mfg Co.



## CHEAP for CASH! Seven First Class Show Cases —On Iron Stands

Apply at once

Race Clothing Mfg Co.,  
129-135 North Water Street.

## BUY ONLY THE BEST.

You can't afford to take any chances on an inferior stove when you can buy the famous

### Quick Meal

for the same money. Over 300,000 of them in use and no one who has used them could be induced to use any other stove.

They are the best bakers and the most powerful burning stove on the market to-day. We will have the full line on our floor this week. Don't buy your gasoline stove until you have seen them.

A two-burner extra large shelf gasoline stove, very strong burner for \$3.50.

Bachman Bros. & Martin Company,  
Reliable Furniture Dealers.

240-244-248 East Main Street.

## Underwear!

Don't fail to see our  
prices this week on

Summer  
Underwear,  
Corsets, Hosiery  
and Negligee Shirts.

H. C. Anthony  
DECATUR, ILL.

## A FAITHLESS WIFE.

The Remains of Poor Myrtle Cook Identified.

## THE SAD STORY OF CAPT. WILLIS COOK

His Wife, Myrtle, Ran Off with a Traveling Man and He Spent Thousands in the Vain Effort to Find Her.

DETROIT, Mich., April 11.—The woman named Myrtle Cook, who died at a hospital in this city last January, and whose body was held in an undertaker's establishment until a couple of days ago, when it was buried, was practically identified late yesterday afternoon by Capt. Willis Cook, of Ovid, Mich., as his wife, who eloped from Bear Lake, Minn., a couple of years ago. Capt. Cook's telephone description of his wife tallies exactly with those of the dead woman.

Mr. Cook said in an interview at Ovid this afternoon that about two years ago he was living at Bear Lake, about five miles from Minneapolis, Minn., and his wife was living with him. She became acquainted with a traveling grocery salesman, and they ran away together. He has not seen his wife from that day to this. "In that time I have spent at least \$2,500 in trying to find her," he said, "and have had detectives in all parts of the country looking for her. I remained in Chicago for months looking for this traveling salesman and never was able to see a face like his. He left his arm at the time of running away with my wife, and none of his business friends or relatives have ever heard of him from that day to this. His friends have also tried to find him. His name was Richard Sherman."

He described his wife minutely and his description fits that of the corpse exactly.

## AT THE PUBLIC CRIB.

Where the Employees of the United States Treasury Come From.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—A statement has been prepared at the treasury department showing that salaries are paid annually to persons employed in the treasury at Washington to the extent of \$4,760,493.35. The following gives the number of such employees credited to the states mentioned below with the amount of salaries:

STATE	Number of Employees.	Amount of Salaries.
Arizona	3	\$1,440
California	63	32,420
Colorado	19	12,194
District of Columbia	1,134	87,371
Idaho	6	\$810
Illinois	161	10,360
Indiana Territory	1	\$60
Iowa	60	21,061
Kansas	109	14,075
Kentucky	91	12,461
Louisiana	36	4,800
Maryland	205	221,654
Michigan	83	10,224
Minnesota	82	10,634
Mississippi	79	26,723
Missouri	3	8,836
Nebraska	15	10,217
New Mexico	5	4,558
New York	287	603,387
North Dakota	4	5,595
Oklahoma	1	660
Otio	170	229,261
Oregon	7	10,254
Pennsylvania	227	341,623
South Dakota	0	13,500
Tennessee	69	89,773
Texas	64	68,353
Utah	4	3,758
Washington	10	16,265
West Virginia	59	74,744
Wyoming	3	6,160

## SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENTS

Conducted at the National Proving Grounds at Indian Head.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Capt. Sampson, chief of the bureau of ordnance, navy department, and his assistants, conducted a very important and successful test at the navy proving grounds at Indian Head, Md., yesterday. The first was a test of a 13-inch semi-armored piercing pickled steel shell. The shell, as required by the test, passed through a seven inch nickel steel plate without exploding or exposing the large charge of powder it carried.

The second test was that of percussion fuses and was made to determine at what distance the shell would explode after passing through an obstruction. In this test a screen was erected in the river and a series of stakes about six feet apart driven behind it. The shells passed through the screen successfully and burst twelve feet on the other side. The experiment proved highly successful, as the distance at which the shells exploded was just about what the department desired. One of the same kind of shells was also fired through a 2-inch steel plate bursting on the other side.

Floods in Vermont.  
RUTLAND, Vt., April 11.—A heavy rainstorm prevailed in this valley all Tuesday night, and all the streams about here are badly swollen, causing a good deal of damage. Thousands of acres of farm lands and some residences and mills are in peril.

At Billow Falls the water is eight feet higher than known for years. Some mills are flooded and the machinery stopped.

Go to Grass.  
For paints, oils and varnishes. The largest stock in the city and prices the lowest.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11, 1895.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following market quotations:

Wheat—	Open- ing	High	Low	Clos-
April	54 1/2	55 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
May	55	56	55 1/2	55 1/2
September	57 1/2	57 1/2	57	57
Corn—				
April	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
May	45 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
July	46 1/2	47 1/2	46	46 1/2
September	48 1/2	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Oct.	49	49 1/2	49	49 1/2
Pork—				
May	12,47 1/2	12,47 1/2	12,22 1/2	12,27 1/2
July	12,55	12,55	12,40	12,47 1/2
Lard				
May	7.00	7.02 1/2	6.97 1/2	6.97 1/2
Buts				
May	6.35	6.37 1/2	6.30	6.30

May wheat—putts and calls not received.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOADS.

Wheat—35. Estimated, 11; Year ago, 70.

Corn—105. Estimated, 105; a year ago, 112.

Oats—143. Estimated, 140; a year ago, 98.

ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.

Wheat, 35; Corn, 120; Oats, 100.

Hog receipts 23,000; estimated, 21,000. Market slow, no lower Light, \$4.70@5.10. Mixed.

Live hogs 23,000; estimated, 22,000. Heavy, \$4.80@5.15. Heavy, \$4.70@5.25. Rough, \$4.70@

\$4.85.

Estimated for to-morrow, 17,000.

Cattle receipts 6,000; market steady at yesterday's prices.

Minneapolis received 120 cars of wheat and 50 bushels of oats of 200. Last year, 333.

LONDON, 1 p. m.—Off coast; wheat and corn nothing doing. On passage, wheat very inactive, corn quiet. English country markets quiet.

LIVERPOOL, 1 p. m.—Spot wheat, no demand; holiday market; futures firm. Spot corn, poor demand; futures firm.

No market report to-morrow—Good Friday.

DECATUR STOCK MARKET.

The following are the ruling prices paid by local dealers for stocks.

Cows and Calves.....\$3,000-\$4,00

Steers.....\$4,000-\$4,50

H

# Ladies' Day!

Wednesday and Thursday Afternoons.

Our auction sale will be largely devoted to the sale of Solid Silver, Silver Novelties and Fancy Goods.

Ladies are Cordially Invited

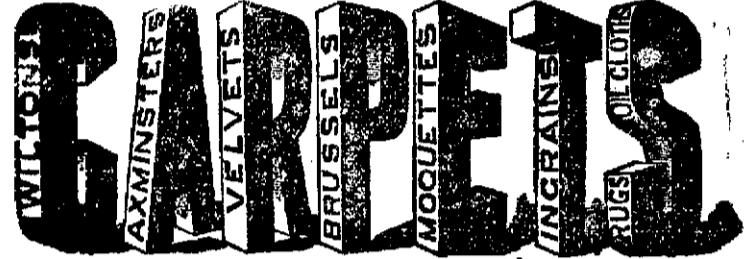
To attend these afternoon sales.

**W. R. Abbott & Co.**

Afternoon sales begin at 2:30.

**Abel Carpet Wall-Paper Co.**

1895—Spring Opening—1895.



HAVE YOU BEEN TO SEE THE NEW STYLES? CAR LOADS ARRIVING EVERY WEEK—ALL NEW AND CHEAP.

All-wool Carpets, 1,200 yards.....	48c and up
Union Ingrains, half wool.....	29c "
Hemp, 1,400 yards.....	13c "
China Matting, 2,000 yards.....	10c "
Medium Ingrain Carpets.....	16c "
Window Shades.....	10c "
Window Shades, mounted.....	18c "
Wall Paper, 100,000 rolls.....	5c "
Lace Curtains, 700 pairs.....	45c "
Oil Cloth, 290 yards.....	25c "
Linoleums, 850 yards.....	45c "

Such an opportunity was never offered to the people of Central Illinois to buy bright, clean, new styles at such Low Prices. Come and see us.

**ABEL CARPET WALL-PAPER CO.**

**Save Money—**

By Using a Gasoline Stove.

But to do so you must have the best stove, so as not to use too much gasoline.

We have the only stove that will do this.

It will boil water with one-third less gaso-

line than any other stove in the market.

It is also the largest stove for the money on the market.



FOR SALE ONLY BY

**Akers, Sanford & Co., Complete House Furnishers, Next to P. O.**

**DIAMOND DRIP COFFEE**

35c per lb, 3 lbs for \$1.

**GREAT EASTERN COFFEE & TEA CO.**

143 East Main Street.

**OPENING.**

Not To-Day or To-Morrow--But Every Day.

Our Elegant Line of Hats and Bonnets Always Open for Inspection.

**Decatur Bazar Co.,**

139 East Main Street.

**Daily Republican**

B. K. HAMSHER & W. F. CALHOUN,  
HAMSHER & CALHOUN, PROP.  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

By mail, postage paid, one year.....\$5.00

Delivered by carrier to any part of city.....\$3.00

Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance.....\$3.00

Postal card requests, or orders through telephone No. 49, will secure early attention of carriers in any district.

Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 125 South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1895.

**Republican City Ticket.**

ELECTION TUESDAY, APRIL 16.

Mayor.....	D. H. CONKLIN.
Clerk.....	F. L. HAYS.
Attorney.....	JAMES M. LEE.
Treasurer.....	CHAS. L. JONES.
ALDERMEN.	
First Ward.....	BRECK IRWIN, COL. MATHIAS.
Second Ward.....	JAMES L. THAYER.
Third Ward.....	GEORGE S. SIMPSON.
Fourth Ward.....	JOHN R. DOUGHERTY.
Fifth Ward.....	C. S. HANKINS.
Sixth Ward.....	A. W. HENDRICKS.

When giving his consent to the use of his name for mayor on the Republican primary ticket, D. H. Conklin said: "All Decatur needs is economy and good financial management, and in case I am elected mayor I will enforce its laws, and if the laws are found to be bad or inadequate in any particular, better ones should be enacted. \* \* I consent to your request, and in case I am elected I will give my best service in the best sense to all the people."

Ante-Election Pledges.

Here is what W. H. Starr, president of the Municipal Club, said about ante-election pledges in his speech officially notifying William Traver of his nomination by the club for mayor:

WE DEMAND NO PLEDGES, BECAUSE THAT ANTE-ELECTION PLEDGES ARE THE GROUND OF MUCH MUNICIPAL MISGOVERNMENT. WE WOULD HAVE YOU FREE TO EXERCISE IN THIS WIDER FIELD THE SAME GOOD JUDGMENT THAT HAS CHARACTERIZED YOU IN THE SMALLER.

That Sizzling Bomb.

For several days we have heard chattering in the camp of the Municipal reformers. There have been ominous hints that some wonderful and appalling thing was to be sprung that would aid the election of Mr. Traver as a non-partisan. This morning it was exploded upon the devoted heads of the people in the shape of a statement that Bob Ferguson received a draft from one Hughes, a member of the Hughes Pump company, from whom the city purchased a pump, and an assumption that the draft was the sum paid for his influence as an alderman in the purchase of the pump. In the first place, if this allegation is true it is anything but an argument in favor of a non-partisan council. Ferguson was in the council as an independent, as a non-partisan, and if he did sell his vote, it only argues that independent or non-partisan members of the council, such as the Municipal club advocates, are dangerous. It also confirms the experience of the city of Denver where three years ago a reform non-partisan city council was elected, on the same issues advocated by the Municipal club in Decatur. It proved to be the most extravagant and corrupt council Denver ever had, and this year the Republicans were put in power, receiving nearly the solid vote of the women and that of the best citizens of Denver.

The only purpose of the publication by W. H. Starr and his disciples at this time was for the effect they supposed it would have on the election. It was not in the interest of any reform.

The article was published, as the head indicates, to show that there is "corruption in party rule in municipalities" when as a matter of fact the party was in no way connected with the alleged affair and the truth or falsity of the charges made concerns only an ex-non-partisan alderman. It was merely an election scheme, and as a scheme it is defective, because it only proves that independent members of a city council, like independent newspapers, may be purchased. But the influences of the state-ment aside from these things, shows an ugly disposition and a studied effort to cover up certain facts. For example they covered up the fact that there was no motive for the purchase of any alderman's vote, as the bid of the Hughes Pump Co. was the lowest bid. They covered up the fact, that in reply to the affidavit of the committee of aldermen, which these reformers published, a letter was received from Mr. Hughes in which he states that not one dollar was paid for any alderman's vote in Decatur in the pump transaction. They also covered up the fact that the contract for the purchase of the pumps was made one year before the draft which they published was drawn. The whole thing has the appearance of one of those campaign roosters that are sometimes put out by men who go in "where angels fear to tread."

Mr. Lincoln Henry Garman had a little toe pinched off in the cogs of a traction engine.

The town well at Waynesville has stood a test of 1,500 gallons an hour.

Three Explanations.

The only explanation that has yet been attempted for the use of the words "public gambling" in Mr. Traver's pledge concerning gambling, in his speech of acceptance, which, by the way, is the only pledge he ventured to make, is that made by Rev. W. C. Miller in his address at the Congregational church Sunday night. It was this:

No officer has a right to go into private houses. Consequently Mr. Traver was not going to pledge himself to stop private gambling when it could not be done.

This explanation, while it may have the element of honesty in it, so far as the speaker is concerned, but it must be clear to the most superficial thinker that it lacks strength and plausibility. While it is true, in a general sense, that his home is a citizen's castle, there is always a way for the application of law to reach the home. If counterfeiting were carried on in a home there is a way by which an officer may enter that home. If a riot or a murder or a fight going on in a home there is a way in which an officer may enter it, and if any law is being violated in a home there is no trouble in finding a way to enter that home, and if Mr. Traver is as suspicious of the strength of the law as his advocate, he had better not tackle the majority of the city. Mr. Miller says Mr. Traver was not going to pledge himself to suppress private gambling for the reasons he gave, which we observe were very thin. If Mr. Miller was correct in assuming that no officer has a right to go into private homes, then a plain, good, healthy, manly pledge to suppress gambling would not in any sense have involved going into private houses, and such a pledge would not have involved that, and there was no necessity of Mr. Traver being so very particular about it on that account.

But the matter has still been more complicated by another reformer, Mr. Charles Schroll, in a speech he made last night before some of our colored voters. He had an idea what the pledge to suppress public gambling meant. In substance he said that they were pledged to suppress the wide-open gambling, and the private gambling would not be interfered with because nobody would know it. Mr. Schroll is a lawyer, and he was not struck with the sacredness of the home to the extent Mr. Miller was.

We insist that the best reason yet given, why Mr. Traver found it convenient to limit his pledge to public gambling, was this: When he made that speech it was his understanding that there would be no Democratic ticket in the field; and knowing the pledge to suppress public gambling would offend no class of voters and would prove a sop to the average reformers; that the pledge to grant to saloons the liberty of the law, was to please another class of voters, and that he would thus practically secure the full Democratic vote.

Ela as a Reformer.

To show how charmingly beautiful John W. Ela's professions of independence and his love for reform are, we publish the following from the Chicago Journal of yesterday:

On the evening of December 13, 1893, Franklin McVeagh, Lambert Tree and John W. Ela appeared on the platform of the Auditorium to certify to the "ability, energy, honesty, intelligence and business capacity" of John P. Hopkins. The day preceding the Journal called on these gentlemen to inform the public upon what data they ventured to make such a sweeping guarantee. On the evening in question they betrayed the depth of their ignorance of the man Hopkins by the vagueness of their references to his past. As a matter of fact, this man had no past that would bear the scrutiny of an unbiased investigation.

Since that date when men like Franklin MacVeagh, Lambert Tree and John W. Ela certified to the honesty, ability and intelligence of John P. Hopkins and the Record contributed to his election by its traditional neutrality, Hopkins has made a record.

How do his supporters like it?

Franklin MacVeagh received the price for his guaranty, but what have Messrs. Tree and Ela to show for the fraud they assisted in foisting on Chicago?

He Couldn't Drive Nails.

Jones Swartz, Hartville, Ohio, relates an experience all the more wonderful because he is now nearly seventy. He says: "I wouldn't take \$100 for the good Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer has done me. I always worked hard and was care less about a little stomach trouble. I had and sleeplessness, which I suppose accounts for the nervous trouble which struck me about four years ago. Limbs of my right side got so I couldn't control them; at times I couldn't hold a cup in my right hand to drink from it, and in a crowd would unconsciously hit people with my jerking right arm. The doctors called it nervous paralysis and said that, at my age, I couldn't be cured. I saw Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer advertised in the Repository and got a sample bottle of it, which I thought helped me, so bought a bottle. Think I have used three bottles, and they have made a steady man of me. I have not felt as well in the four years and am still improving. Why for two years I couldn't drive a nail." Mr. Geidinger, in whose store the interview took place, fully corroborated Mr. Swartz' statement, saying his cure was a surprise to all who knew of the case. We are authorized to say, this medicine for control and cure of all nerve troubles, is sold by C. H. Dawson, Druggist.

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one who has used it, it is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness.

It is an especial favorite for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. C. H. Dawson.

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**A BISMARCK ANECDOTE.**

The Chancellor Is Accused of Having Stolen a Frenchman's Table.

In his private studio at the castle of Friedrichsruhe, Bismarck has a piece of furniture of which he is particularly proud, although he admits that he is not the legitimate owner. It is an ordinary dining-room table, made of common cherry wood. The preliminaries of the treaty of Frankfort were signed in February, 1871, in Versailles, in the Rue des Reservoirs, at the house where Bismarck had his headquarters. Thiers and Jules Favre were the French delegates. Around the table referred to were discussed the articles of the treaty, which was finally signed, after several days' heated debate. The chancellor, on that memorable occasion, closed the argument, of which Thiers

had the best, by refusing to talk French any longer.

The Frenchmen being unable to understand it was useless to insist, and gave their signatures, granting to Germany the possession of Alsace and Lorraine, an indemnity of \$1,000,000,000 and many other advantages. Bismarck proposed at once to buy his table, offering an enormous price for it. That gentleman positively refused, and for several years exhibited the table to anyone who wished to see it. It was not the genuine article, though, because Bismarck had a duplicate made during the night by skillful workmen, and sent the original to Berlin. The imitation was so perfect that the gentleman from Versailles never discovered the truth until 1873, at which time the chancellor had the table in the library of his palace in Berlin. The owner made a trip to the German capital and threatened to enter a lawsuit. He was offered money, but refused it. He wanted Bismarck to be arrested for robbery, and for his trouble was taken back to the frontier by the police. On his return to Versailles he forwarded to the chancellor an open letter, in which he stated the case, even accusing the German statesman of having taken his dining-room clock. The Frenchman, who, by the way, is very wealthy, has taken the oath that he will equip, at his expense, a company of sharpshooters to regain possession of the table if the war of revenge ever takes place.

**Deafness Cannot be Cured.**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedial.

Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.</p



All are Welcome.

# LINN & SCRUGGS DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

All are Welcome.



# Grand Spring Opening! ALL ARE INVITED.

Daily Republican



THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1895.

"1492" Coming. The announcement is made that Rice's surprise party in the big "up to date" musical extravaganza, "1492," will be the notable attraction at the Grand Opera House on Wednesday evening, April 17. The renown this entertainment has achieved by virtue of its long engagements in New York, Boston and Chicago has assured considerable curiosity amongst our amusement goers. The production is promised in all its mammoth entirety, the services of sixty capable artists, a full orchestra of soloists and a 60-foot car of dazzling scenery, novel calcium and electrical features. "1492" humorously describes the discovery of America by Columbus, and is furnished with original music, specialties, tableaux, stereopticon views, marches and ballets. Mr. Rice's company is particularly commented upon for the beauty of its female members. Seats will be placed on sale Monday morning.

#### Plenty of Money.

We loan money by the bushel, peck, quart or pint. All classes of loans in large or small amounts. Any kind of security, so it's good. Corporation stock, promissory notes, storage receipts, first or second mortgages on real estate, individual security, mechanic's liens, high class furniture, live stock, wagons, carriages, pianos, organs, diamonds, watches and jewelry are all available as security for loans at our Private Bank. Interest 7 per cent. Commissions charged on all loans. Apply to ALBERT T. SUMMERS, Loan Broker, 145 Water Street, Decatur, Illinois.

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is again ready to do the finest artistic work in sign painting, frescoing, decoupage, etc. Kindly leave your order at 181-185 Central Block, Merchant street

Go to Grass

For wall paper. The largest designs at lowest prices. Store open until 8 p.m. 3pm-8pm

#### EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Scores of Bright and Brainy Women in Convention Assembled.

A hearty welcome by Decatur Ladies—Entertainment—Reception—Remarks.

The twenty-second annual state convention of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association is now in full swing in the handsomely decorated assembly room of the Woman's Club House, north side Central Park, and in the convention body are many bright and brainy women who have been in the lead in the battle for equal suffrage. They have fought for the right to vote in municipal affairs until because of the opposition on the liquor interest, feeling that their cause is handicapped in that course, they have taken a new tact, and are now banded together in the effort to obtain township suffrage, which if granted will not affect the license question.

Rev. R. G. Hobbs next welcomed the delegates on behalf of the ministers of Decatur. When Mr. Hobbs was called upon he was in the north end of the hall, and he brought forth a burst of laughter by saying: "May I speak from this end of the hall? I'm only a man, you know, and I—" but here the laughter interrupted him. Mr. Hobbs followed his welcome words with a short address on equal suffrage.

The responses were by delegates to the convention.

Rev. Celia Parker Wooley, a regularly ordained minister of the Universalist church, responded to the addresses of the women adopted this plan of action at the state convention held at Danville a year ago, and this week the bill formulated has been considered in the legislature. It was defeated in the Senate and now the House will pass on the measure.

Yesterday many of the ladies at the convention were at Springfield and were given the use of Representative hall to make their claims for their cause. They arrived in Decatur last night highly gratified with their experience at the capital. They feel that light is breaking and that ultimately they will be victorious.

#### PUBLIC RECEPTION.

The delegates to the convention on their arrival in Decatur last evening were met at the trains by the reception committees and escorted to the Arcade Hotel, and later they repaired to the Woman's Club House, where the formal reception was held in the presence of a large audience.

Mrs. Mary E. Holmes, of Chicago, the president of the state association, presided. She is a lady of fine presence, and possesses ideal executive ability. She has a class of 200 pupils at Dr. Gassius' church in Chicago, and she is identified with many noble enterprises for the good of humanity.

Mrs. Eugenia M. Bacon, the president, gave the address of welcome on behalf of the Woman's Club. The address was replete with genuine words of welcome, with complimentary references to the talent present and the cause represented.

Mr. A. C. Foulke, president, gave the welcome on behalf of the Decatur

Equal Suffrage Association, which has a membership of 52. The welcome was thoroughly cordial. She said that men and women were created equal and that the battle for equality was nearly won.

Mrs. Sallie Harwood welcomed the delegates in a beautiful address on behalf of the Woman's Relief Corps, of which she is president. The lady exhorted the G. A. R. and the W. R. C. and stated what the Decatur women had done at the polls at the school elections.

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THURSDAY, APRIL 11—MORNING SESSION.  
The convention assembled at 9:30, but the delegates were a little slow in reaching the hall. It was some minutes past the hour when Rev. A. W. Hawkins stepped on the platform to open the session with prayer. Mrs. Mary E. Holmes announced that Mrs. Eva Munson Smith, of Springfield, had been selected to lead the singing. A number of leaflets containing songs composed by Mrs. Smith for the occasion were distributed, and the audience joined heartily. Mrs. Frank Hubbard, of Chicago, was elected assistant secretary, and the convention settled down to business.

The next step was the appointment of committees, and Mrs. Foulke, of Decatur, and Mrs. Denmore, of Chicago, were selected to look after credentials. Mrs. Leach, of Kinderhook, read an interesting paper on the distribution of literature. Thousands of copies of suffragist papers and leaflets have been sown broadcast throughout the state. The report was accepted.

A telegram was received from the Adams county W. C. T. U. convention, sending greeting. The message was accepted and the secretary was instructed to answer.

The report of Mrs. S. A. Giddings, of Danville, on fair work was read by the secretary, as was the report on suffrage contests by Mrs. Carrie Ashton Johnson, of Rockford.

The report of the press superintendent, Mrs. Julia Mills Dunn, of Moline, was read by the secretary. The lady had devoted her energies largely to the syndicate publishers and a great deal of matter has been prepared and published through these agencies.

The parlor meetings conducted by Mrs. C. Eastman, of Chicago, were described by Mrs. McCulloch, of Chicago, who, by the way, is an able and eloquent attorney, well known to the bar of the big city.

At this point it was moved that the visitors, ladies and gentlemen, be allowed the privileges of the convention. This harmless little resolution provoked a heated discussion in which half a dozen members participated and talked just like the horrid men, and succeeded in becoming entangled in a maze of resolutions, after the fashion of the aforesaid men. It finally developed that Mrs. McCulloch's legal mind had detected the fact that if the visitors were not given the freedom of the floor they would in all probability purchase membership cards, and thus become full fledged members of the association.

After much discussion it was decided by vote that visitors should be allowed to serve on committees and participate in discussions, but should not be allowed to vote on any question. At this jun-

ture the convention fell into a tangle but were unraveled by Mrs. McCulloch, who finally succeeded in forming the delegates into groups, by districts.

The next step in the program was the report of Hon. M. B. Castle, of Sandwich, chairman of the executive committee. The report noted the accession of new workers, and mentioned the cheering progress of the suffrage movement in Illinois and adjoining states.

The gentleman made the point that the presence of ladies at the polls would exercise an elevating influence in politics. He noted and instanced facts where girls had been sold by their parents for monetary considerations, and the law had never interfered. In answer to the inquiry, he stated that the practice was not uncommon among Poles, Russians and Italians, and that these persons were allowed the right of suffrage, which right was denied the women of intelligence and high character.

One reason of municipal misrule is because the best men refuse to vote or take part in the elections. A movement by good, true women will force the men who are lax in their political duties to pay more attention thereto, and thus many municipal evils will be corrected.

The report was followed by an address by Mrs. Holmes, which she designated as her annual report. The address was earnest, practical, and to the point, and clearly outlined the work before the society for the coming year.

Mrs. M. F. Long, of Barry, treasurer of the association, read her annual report, showing a comfortable balance in the strong box. Mrs. Holmes reported collections for lecture fund, and Mrs. McCulloch reported expenses arising from work and attendance at the Republican and Democratic conventions, attendance at legislative meetings and work with county committees and politicians whose influence was needed. The report was accepted, showing that Mrs. McCulloch had advanced a large sum from her own means, and she was voted \$47 from the treasury, and a voluntary contribution of \$1.00 from each member present was voted and given.

LECTURE TO-NIGHT.  
This program will be observed at the open meeting to be held to-night at the Congregational church.

Musical Division W. C. Address Mrs. Celia Parker Wooley, Geneva  
Music Musical Division W. C. Address Mrs. Marion Foster Washburne, Chicago  
Reading Mrs. Anna Morgan Kinney

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

This afternoon the following committees were appointed and put at work:

Resolutions—Hon. M. B. Castle, Mrs. Celia Heddenberg and Mrs. Julia Shreiver.

Plan of Work—Mrs. Emma Smith De

Voe, Mrs. Metzger, Mrs. Marion Foster Washburne

Nominations—Mrs. E. V. Eddy, Mrs. McCulloch, Mrs. Eva Munson Smith, Mrs. Dr. Moore, Mrs. Wing, Mrs. L. C. Shea.

#### PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. F. P. Wells is in Taylorville on a visit.

Mrs. Will Bell, of Peoria, is the guest of Mrs. W. H. Ferguson.

Mrs. C. M. Atterbury returned to day from a visit with relatives in Chicago.

E. R. Frazier came home last evening after a business trip through Indiana.

Mrs. Auer, wife of Rev. Auer of Georgetown, is the guest of J. C. Mark and family.

Mrs. C. B. Turner has been quite ill at her home in Springfield, but is now improving.

Mrs. W. W. Mason returned yesterday from a ten days' visit in Taylorville with friends.

Henry Roberts returned yesterday from the Shiloh trip. He went down with the band.

H. G. McGurthy went to Argentines yesterday to take a position in C. G. & G. Gick's carriage shop.

Dr. Samuel Shaw returned to Taylorville yesterday after a visit in Decatur with his daughter, Mrs. Charles Shilling.

Mrs. William Dodson has returned from Clinton, where she visited her sister, Mrs. Custer, who has been ill. She is better.

Mrs. Ed. Starr and her sister, Miss Cora James, went to Ellington yesterday, where they will visit friends for two weeks.

Charles A. Ewing, who has been in Decatur for a week to visit his mother, left last evening for a business trip through Missouri.

Captain W. W. Foster, who has been traveling through the east in the interest of Gladstone's Celery Pepsi Company, is at home for a brief stay.

Supervisor H. F. May, who has been seriously ill, is able to be out again. His many friends will be gratified to learn that he has conquered his trouble.

Miss Eliza Hutchins is now in New Orleans, and will go from there to Galveston, Texas. She is traveling with her sister, who is an elocutionist, for a few weeks.

Mrs. E. F. Pannell, who has been in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Osborne, will leave this morning for her home in Chicago.

Rev. W. H. Penhaligon, Mrs. J. W. Shultz and Mrs. R. G. Wells came home last night from Springfield, where they attended the Springfield Presbytery.

Mrs. Milton Johnson came home last night from Waukesha, Wis., to which city she was called by the illness of her parents, who were, however, much improved in health when she started home.

Mrs. A. D. Martin, advance representative of the Pease Sisters, was in the city to day, en route to Cayuga, Ind., to make arrangements for the appearance of the Sisters in that city April 16. The company has been laying off the past week on account of the illness of Jessie Pease. They will close the season the middle of May.

A Blessing to

Wash Day Done

HAVING recently put in to do Family Washing, now ready to accommodate time possible. All arti- Sheets, Table Linens, Handkerchiefs, &c., will be ironed. All others rough necessary.

The work will be ele- cost 5 cents per pound, family from 75 cents to the plan will please all, noyance at home. We i

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of Decatur, I.  
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## JAPAN'S CONDITIONS

With a Single Exception Agreed to by Li Hung Chang.

### A SPEEDY PROCLAMATION OF PEACE

Believed by Diplomats in Washington to be Certain—The Conditions Accepted and the One Yet Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The cable announcement that seven of Japan's eight conditions had been accepted by Peace Commissioner Li Hung Chang is very gratifying to diplomats here, who have no longer any doubt that a peace proclamation will speedily result. As understood in Washington, the eight conditions were as follows:

1. Independence of Corea.

2. Cession of Formosa.

3. Cession of Liao-Tung promontory, including Port Arthur.

4. War indemnity.

5. Admission of machinery into China and permission to foreigners to establish factories.

6. Modification of Ilikin tax, and extension of the system of transit passes for imports.

7. Opening certain Chinese rivers to commerce, including the Yang-Tse-Kiang to Chung King; the Siam from Hankow on the Yang-Tse-Kiang; the Kin Tong river to Ouchow, and the Woosung and its canals as far as Su-chow and Hang Chow.

8. Railway privileges and similar concessions to Japanese and foreign capitalists.

In addition to these conditions it is believed that certain promises have been or will be exacted from China, which are to remain secret.

The condition which it is thought has not yet been accepted by Li Hung Chang is that numbered three above, providing for the occupation of a portion of the territory known as the Regent's Sword and the citadel of Port Arthur. That this would be most strenuously opposed by China has all along been undoubted, and it has been predicted that it might prove a stumbling block of such dimensions as to prevent peace, unless some compromise could be agreed upon as to the length of the occupation, the Chinese being likely to insist that it should not be permanent.

All the other conditions except those of indemnity have been the subject of diplomatic consideration for many years, and all the treaty powers are as deeply interested in them as Japan herself. The United States had been particularly active in urging the abolition of the Ilikin tax, which is not unlike the octroi of France, though less reasonable and less limited than the French system. The independence of Corea has always been a contention, and the United States has firmly maintained that Corea was to be treated as an independent nation since her minister at Washington was recognized ten years ago.

### A BLESSING IN DISGUISE.

Li Hung Chang Thinks the Defeat of China Will Advance the Cause of Civilization.

VANCOUVER, April 11.—Japan advises state that there is much fear that Japan will be afflicted with an epidemic of cholera, as the disease has already made its appearance at Monica, a town at the entrance to the inland sea, whence large quantities of coal are exported, but has not thus far succeeded in spreading. It has shown itself also in some of the transports, although happily not when troops were on board.

From September 21 to March 8 the Japanese casualties in the war with China were: Killed in battle, 542; died of wounds, 131; died of sickness, 381, making a total of 1,854. Very marked is the contrast between these figures and the record of casualties in the rebellion of 1877, when 12,000 men were wounded and 4,653 killed on the government side.

The viceroy, as he lies wounded at Shimoneseki, has engaged in some reflections that show the character of the man's mind. In conversation with those about him he frankly admits the weakness displayed by China and expresses regret for it for her sake, but at the same time he thinks that the defeat of China will advance the cause of civilization in the east and is, therefore, not altogether to be regretted.

### THE INCOME TAX LAW

To be Further Tested in the United States Courts.

NEW YORK, April 11.—It was announced yesterday afternoon that the income tax would again be tested in the United States court in a suit brought by Charles Allen against the Illinois Central Railroad Co., in which it is asked that the railroad be restrained from paying the income tax on the ground that \$4,000 exemption is unconstitutional. Mr. Allen lives in Greenfield, Mass., and the suit is brought in the United States court of this district.

Allen is supposed to represent some big opponents of the tax, inasmuch as he owns only five shares of the railroad stock. The suit will be conducted by Seward, Guthrie, Morawetz & Steele, with Joseph H. Choate as associate counsel.

Allen alleges that his income from the railroad stock is less than \$4,000, and says that his income will be reduced considerably if the tax is paid.

To Investigate the Circumstances of Maceo's Sailing.

NASSAU, N. P., April 11.—The British war ship Mohawk has sailed from Fortune Island, whence cleared the schooner Honor, which landed the insurgent leader Maceo, on the Cuban coast. The orders of the commander of the Mohawk are to thoroughly investigate the circumstances of Maceo's sailing.

### THE REBELLION IN COLOMBIA

Officially Declared to be an End and Commerce Resumed.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Official cable advises from the Colombian government yesterday announced the complete subjection of the rebellion and the restoration of a normal condition of peace in all the depredations of the confederation. Sporadic cases of guerrilla attacks in the mountain districts are still to be expected, and statements of these may reach the coast in a highly-exaggerated condition leading to reports of engagements or even battles, but the telegraph lines are again in operation, and commerce and business have been resumed throughout the country. Gen. Julio Rengifo, who was charge d'affaires at Washington when the revolution commenced, and whose volunteered services were accepted by cable rendered effective service during the troubles, and has been promoted to the highest diplomatic rank.

### BOODLE ORDINANCES

Repealed by a Large Majority—Sure to Meet the Approval of the Mayor.

CHICAGO, April 11.—At a meeting of the new common council last night the alleged "boodle" or finances, the Order Gas, Cosmopolitan Electric and Commercial Heat, Light and Power, were repealed by virtue of the large republican majority, the vote being 45 to 18. Mayor Swift will approve the repealing ordinances.

The mayor also sent to the council the following appointments: Ex-Alderman William D. Dent, commissioner of public works; J. J. Badenoch, election commissioner at present, to be chief of police; Samuel B. Raymond, oil inspector, and W. H. Tatgen, prosecuting attorney.

### A PLUCKY GIRL.

Who Did Not Propose to Miss an Opportunity to Secure a Husband.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 11.—In the breach of promise case of Mary Corbin against William Todd, here Tuesday the defendant offered to compromise by marrying the plaintiff, when it developed that she was not of age; neither did she have the consent of her parents.

Not to be outdone, she promised to get the consent if the order was held until she went home and back. The judge assented, and, starting Tuesday evening she walked all night to Volcano and back, thirty miles, reaching here at daylight yesterday with the proper paper. The couple were then married.

### BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS

Meet in Boston to Form a United Association.

BOSTON, April 11.—One hundred and thirty-six delegates, representing nearly every city and town in the shoe industry in the United States, met in convention here yesterday for the purpose, if possible, of taking such measures as will result in united action of the workers in the American shoe industry. Among those represented are the Lasters' Protective Union of America; Boot and Shoe Workers' International Union; District Assembly 216, K. of L.; Amalgamated Boot and Shoe Workers' Union of St. Louis; United Turn Workmen's Brotherhood of America, and Boot and Shoe unions of Illinois.

### CUBAN INDEPENDENCE

To be Declared To-Day and a Republic to be Formed and Ask Recognition of the United States.

NEW YORK, April 11.—A special to the Recorder from Washington says that the Cuban revolutionists will today (Thursday) formally announce the independence of the island and establish a republic; will proclaim a constitution, name their officers and ask the recognition first of the United States and then of other nations.

The Cuban Insurrection General Throughout the Island.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The Ward line steamer Seneca arrived yesterday morning from Mexican ports and Havana. It was learned that while nothing official had been heard of the progress of the Cuban insurrection, the uprising was general throughout the island, and was gaining ground daily. Everything is at high tension among the people, and the insurgents have more sympathizers than the authorities are willing to admit.

Made Good the Deficit.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Pat C. Crane, the teller in the money order division of the Chicago post office, who was arrested Tuesday on the charge of embezzling \$1,000 of the government funds, made good the amount yesterday. The shortage was discovered because a substitute was put in place of Crane, who was ill. Crane claimed to have the money in a bank, but was not allowed to get it.

Going to the Bottom of the Affair.

LONDON, April 10.—The Daily News correspondent in Berlin says Leberecht von Kotzebue is determined to get to the bottom of the anonymous letter scandal. He is trying to ascertain the name of the real malefactor as well as those of the persons who first laid the suspicion at his door. It is understood that he has three trials pending.

Brifed Ashore After Lying One Year at the Bottom.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., April 11.—The steamer Dean Richmond, which went down off this port over a year ago with eighteen souls, drifted ashore Tuesday night. Coroner Blood, who believes that the seven bodies yet unaccounted for will be found in the hull of the vessel, is investigating.

Jealousy's Victims.

NEWARK, N. J., April 11.—Joseph Buck, a boarder, shot and killed Tessie Williams in a house at Magazine and Komen streets at 8:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He afterward turned the revolver on himself and fired, dying almost instantly. Jealousy is supposed to have been the motive for the murder and suicide.

At a meeting of Scotch oil manufacturers in Glasgow, yesterday, it was decided to increase the price of illuminating oil a penny per gallon.

## THE KU KLUX KLAN.

Murderous Methods of Georgia Moonshiners.

### ANEX MEMBER ON THE WITNESS STAND

How Henry Worley, an Internal Revenue Spy, was Done to Death—His Death was Decreed at a Meeting of the Ku Klux.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 11.—The government brought out some indirect evidence yesterday, in the trial of John Quarles and Davis Butler, charged with conspiracy to hang Henry Worley, an internal revenue spy.

Hurri Bramlett, one of the gang of ku klux which hanged Worley and afterwards shot him dead, described from the witness stand the details of both the hanging and the shooting.

Justice Mix and H. C. Hamilton testified for the government and strengthed the prosecution's case.

It was stated by one of the witnesses that the ku klux or whitecap organization of Murray, Gordon and adjoining counties numbers 800 members. The organization has intimidated the courts and maintained a reign of terror in three mountain counties for four years.

Bramlett's testimony was the feature of the day. He began by giving the names of those who were present. "Where did the crowd meet the night of the Worley hanging?" asked Assistant District Attorney Rucker.

"At Jim McIntyre's sawmill. When we got to Henry Worley's house," he continued, "we pushed the door open, tied him, put him on a mule and took him to Blootown. I was behind Mrs. Worley, the old lady, who is about 65, came out of the house as we passed and said something which I could not hear. It was on a dark road in a mountain gorge."

"Worley was put on Jim McIntyre's mule. He was driven under a tree, a leather line tied about his neck, the mule driven from under him, and he was left dangling, but slipped the line off and ran away. He was fired at, but escaped. John Quarles was there. His mule fell down with him."

This was the ugliest bit of evidence yet introduced against the defendants. "Mr. Bramlett, do you know of any searches," asked the counsel, "that were made for Worley?"

"Yes, sir, four or five days before the hanging a party was looking for Worley. They said he had gone down the river. The purpose of this meeting was to kill Worley for reporting McIntyre's and other stills. Jim McIntyre reported that Worley had reported stills." The witness spoke of two clubs of whitecaps, one at the ball ground, of which Butler was captain. "If they whipped a man they claimed it was for something else, so that it would not get into the United States courts," said Bramlett.

"There was another meeting afterward," continued Bramlett, "in which it was decided that Worley was to be hanged for reporting McIntyre's. At this meeting Quarles was seen with a pair of leather lines that day, and said that Worley was with him drinking and had been at home. Worley's swearing against Higgins and Dalton was also discussed at this meeting. Henry Worley was hanged for reporting.

On cross-examination he said he was with the party that killed Henry Worley. "I did not kill him," said the witness, "but I was with the crowd that killed him. I went with them, but I did not kill him. I belonged to the Ku Klux for sixteen months, but I was not sworn in this last time. I never went with them except on little raids."

"How is it you are free; you who helped to kill Henry Worley?"

"I promised Mr. James, the United States district attorney, I would come down here and tell the truth."

"Were either of these defendants at the shooting of Henry Worley?" asked Col. Glenn, counsel for the defense.

"No, sir," responded the witness.

Col. Glenn asked various questions going to show that the witness was induced to testify in the Worley case because he feared the consequences of a prosecution of himself.

"I closed the trade with the government with Col. James," said the witness. "I was to go scott free of the charge of murdering Henry Worley if I came down here and told the truth."

"Wasn't that a large inducement to you?" asked Col. Glenn.

"Wouldn't it be to you?" replied the witness.

"I think it would," replied the lawyer.

"Did you ever make up your mind to kill a man for reporting a still?" asked the lawyer.

"Yes, sir; I went to Henry Worley's house to assassinate him for reporting those stills," admitted the witness calmly.

"And you are free?"

"I don't know whether I am or not." The defense seemed to be trying to show that Worley was killed because he was cruel to his wife, in order to get the case out of the jurisdiction of the federal court.

Dr. E. O. Stafford, of Murray county, testified that Henry Worley was not crazy.

Col. Jesse Glenn, father of the leading counsel for the defense, was a witness for the government.

"Col. Glenn, would you believe the witness Harris Bramlett under oath," asked the son.

"I certainly would, and since hearing his evidence to-day would give his statements more credence than ever."

The case went over until to-day.

At a meeting of Scotch oil manufacturers in Glasgow, yesterday, it was decided to increase the price of illuminating oil a penny per gallon.

### TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Cremation services have been officially declared by masonic authority not to be Christian burial.

Oil took another jump of 5 cents yesterday, and prices were quoted as follows: North Lima, 7½; South Lima, 7½; Indiana, 70.

Mrs. Pauline Ellwanger, who moved to Cedar Lake, Ind., from Chicago, has been murdered, and her husband is suspected.

The emperor of Germany has confirmed the finding of the court-martial acquitting Leberecht Von Kotze of charges of writing scandalous letters.

Manager Favorite of P. D. Armour & Co. says the statement that a pool has been formed by the big western packers to advance the price of beef is absurd.

A dispatch from Simonoseki says Li Hung Chang has completely recovered from his injury, and personally resumed negotiations with the Japanese plenipotentiaries yesterday.

A dispatch from Shanghai says the British steamer Yakang, which was seized by the Japanese near Taku, while conveying a large quantity of cartridges, has been taken to Port Arthur.

Mr. William Court Gully, liberal, was elected speaker of the British house of commons yesterday to succeed Rt. Hon. Arthur Wellesley Peel, resigned, by a vote of 235 to 274 for Sir Matthew Ridley.

The jury in the Anna Dickinson damage case at Scranton, Pa., was yesterday discharged, being unable to agree. It is reported that they stood eight in favor of giving Miss Dickinson damages and four against.

The entire lower portion of the large plant of the Susquehanna Iron Co. at Columbia, Pa., was destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. Loss, \$100,000; covered by insurance. The mill employed 250 men.

It is understood from unquestioned sources that the treaty between Great Britain and the United States under which a settlement may be had of the claims of the Canadian sealers against this country, will not be formulated before next autumn.

Rains and melting snow in the mountains have caused a big rise of New Hampshire waters, and in consequence many hundreds of acres of interval land are under water. Ice also is breaking up, and rendering bridges unsafe for travel.

A special cablegram from Panama says: News has been brought by the gunboat Bogaca that order has been restored in Caucu and Telima. The rebels are losing heart. It is certain that the revolution has met its death blow through the operations of Gen. Reges in Enciso.

James Matthew Aubrey, Jr., Tuesday filed his answer to the divorce bill of Mrs. Pauline Aubrey, daughter of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court. He admits the single charge in the bill—excessive indulgence in intoxicants.

Treasury officials, in the absence of the full text of the supreme court decision on the income-tax law, are still groping in the dark as to its exact meaning, and have, therefore, been unable to send out supplemental instructions to collectors as to how the law still remains shall be carried out.

Dr. Robert Buchanan, the wife murderer in Sing Sing, N. Y., sentenced to be electrocuted April 22, has engaged new counsel and will make a last, bitter struggle for his life. An appeal to the supreme court failing the British minister will be asked to intercede in behalf of the condemned man, who is said to be a British subject.

On cross-examination he said he was with the party that killed Henry Worley. "I did not kill him," said the witness, "but I was with the crowd that killed him. I went with them, but I did not kill him. I belonged to the Ku Klux for sixteen months, but I was not sworn in this last time. I never went with them except on little raids."

"How is it you are free; you who helped to kill Henry Worley?"

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# Easter Flower Vases.

During this week we make a magnificent display of Flower Vases for Easter at exceptionally low prices.

Rookwood, Royal Worcester.  
Royal Melano, Crown Tiplitz,  
Crown Derby, Cut Glass,  
Royal Adderlee, Bonn Ware,  
Wedgewood.

Variety Unexcelled.  
Quality the Highest.

## Dinner Sets.

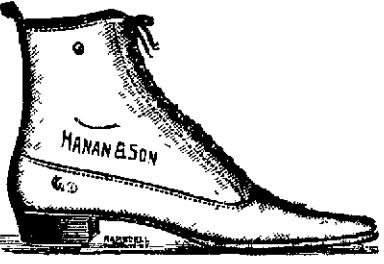
Our great assortment of high class stock patterns, has been increased by many new ones this spring. The latest and best decorations and the most artistic and beautiful shapes at prices no higher than are asked for wares inferior in style, selection and finish.

## OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China and Cut Glass.

## MEN'S

## Fine Shoes



We have just received a big line of Hanan & Son's Men's Fine Shoes, in calf, Vici kid and kangaroo, in black and russet. We have them in all the desirable shapes and styles of toes, from the needle point to the natural last. The Manhattan toe is considered the newest and best thing out. This style and the needle point are those which will be most worn by gentlemen this year. We know these goods are all right as to style, thorough workmanship and first class material. We invite inspection and feel sure you will purchase.

**THE F. H. COLE SHOE CO.**

**B. F. BOBO, Manager.**

## The People's Popular Price Clothier

*Has this to say to the Trade  
of Decatur and Vicinity:*

We are offering some of the greatest lines of SPRING CLOTHING ever shown to the trade this season.

## In Furnishing Goods

We show in our windows more popular price goods than ever. A look will compel you to stop and admire and purchase.

**C. J. BRYAN.**  
OLD POSTOFFICE STAND.

## Daily Republican

### For that Tired Feeling

• • TAKE • •  
**HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA**  
or some other good blood purifier.  
We are headquarters for them all.  
**KING & METZ'S**  
DRUGGISTS.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1895.

### SOCIETY MEETINGS.

E. S.—Regular meeting of Decatur chapter of the Knights of Pythias, Star, the Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Masonic Temple. A full attendance is desired. Visiting members heartily invited. Mrs. S. B. SHADE, W. M. S. J. STEELE, Sec.

O. O. F.—Regular meeting of Decatur Encampment, No. 37, this Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. All members of the Degree Staff are requested to be present. The fraternal and golden reunions, Veterans' parades are cordially invited. J. L. BRAKE, C. P. H. YORKE, Scribe.

### LOCAL NEWS.

WESTERN washer, \$2.99. ARCADE. SMITH's Columbia cylinder oils, dtf. CHILDREN's laxative syrup at Irwin's. SMOKES the old reliable K. & W. cigars, mar25-dtf.

For headache use Irwin's Harmless Powders.

ICE CREAM for sale by the quart or gallon at Irwin's.

IRWIN's Compound Sarsaparilla purifies the blood.

VACCINATE your children. Fresh vaccine points at Tyler's.

New tin department. ARCADE.

FINEST line of Easter millinery at Mrs. R. C. Hamsher's, 121 North Water street. Go to Henry Bros. bakery for all kinds of cakes, pies, etc. dec26-dtf.

Bicycles for rent and for sale. Dodd Co., 153 Merchant street. apr9-dtf.

FRESH OYSTERS, dressed poultry, vegetables. PEARL OYSTER AND FISH CO. 50,000 rolls of paper at the lowest prices at Grass's wall paper and paint store. 3-d2w

HAVE your children vaccinated before they start to school. Fresh vaccine points at Tyler's.

Don't fail to see Mrs. R. C. Hamsher, 121 North Water street, before you select your Easter hat.

PINT tin cups, two for 5 cents—Arcade. Six firstclass paper hangers at Grass wall paper and paint store. Store open until 8 p.m. apr8-d2w

### USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

AS USUAL Miss Miller has the finest assortment of Easter millinery in the city at lowest prices. 138 East Prairie street. apr9-d2

The Decatur agent for the Remington Standard Typewriters, all greatly improved, can be found at the REPUBLICAN office. mch27-dtf

### USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

WHERE can I find the latest design for my Easter hat? That's easy. Go to Mrs. R. C. Hamsher, 121 North Water street.

An Easter praise service will be held at St. Luke's Lutheran Chapel on Monday evening, April 15, at 7:45 p.m. All are welcome.

MISS J. B. TAYLOR, 139 North Water street, invites the ladies of Decatur to inspect her elegant line of Easter Millinery. All the new and elegant styles. April 8 d6

The Easter designs in hats were never so pretty as they are this year. Mrs. R. C. Hamsher, 121 North Water street, will please you.

Mrs. R. C. HAMSHER 121 North Water street invites the ladies to call before Easter. She has a pleasant surprise in store.

### USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

At the morning service Sunday next there will be communion and reception of members at the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

MR. BOYNTON, who is to personally superintend the erection of the James Millikin six-story building, arrived in the city to-day from Chicago.

THERE will be preparatory services at the First English Lutheran church on Friday evening at 7:45 o'clock. All the members are requested to be present.

LAST night the Steson company gave the old favorite play, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," at the Grand last night, in the presence of a large audience. Everybody was pleased.

A CHILDREN'S Easter service will be held at the English Lutheran church on Easter Sunday evening. All are invited to attend. A special service has been prepared.

As baldness makes one look prematurely old, so a full head of hair gives to mature life the appearance of youth. To secure this and prevent the former, Ayer's Hair Vigor is confidently recommended. Both ladies and gentlemen prefer it to any other dressing.

The alarm of fire this forenoon brought the entire department to Bradley Bros' store, where outside a number of dry goods boxes were on fire. A boy had thrown a match among the rubbish. The danger was quickly averted.

GEORGE SMITH's store at Jefferson, Ia., was robbed of goods valued at \$500.

### USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

## W. H. HUGHES AND BOB.

### Hughes Says the Bodie Story is a Base Insinuation.

The accusation against Bob Ferguson in connection with the Hughes Pump purchase, caused Bob to send this telegram to W. H. Hughes to-day:

DECATUR, Ill., April 11.—W. H. Hughes, Cleveland, O.: The *Herald-Dispatch* of this city published this morning a fac simile of a draft, dated Anderson, Ind., Oct. 27, 1893, of \$200, payable to my order and assumes that it was paid as boodle in purchase of the Hughes pump. Give explicit answer at once by telegraph at my expense.

BOB FERGUSON.

### THE REPLY.

The answer came this afternoon. Below is a copy of the message:

CLEVELAND, O., April 11, 1895.  
Bob Ferguson, Decatur, Ill.

Your telegram of 11th regarding draft received for boodle. It is a base insinuation without the shadow of truth. Any business I had with anyone in Decatur will stand the closest investigation.

W. H. HUGHES.

### COLORED VOTERS.

Hold a Meeting—Their Guests Who Made Speeches.

There was a meeting of colored voters in a hall on North Park street last night. Some thirty or forty were present. The entrance to the room had over it an American flag, and the room had been decorated for the occasion with pictures, among which were the portraits of Fred Douglass, Abraham Lincoln and other distinguished Republicans. The guests who were present at the opening of the meeting were D. H. Conklin, Republican candidate for mayor, Hugh Crea, D. R. Alexander, Harry Moore, Sheriff Nicholson and W. F. Calhoun. The meeting was called to order by Peter Mitchell, and Wilson Woodford was elected chairman and Wayne Wilkinson was made secretary. The object of the meeting was stated to be largely fraternal and that candidates and other men from all parties had been invited to be present and to talk politics in an informal way. Addresses were made by D. H. Conklin, Hugh Crea and W. F. Calhoun.

About the time these gentlemen had finished a delegation representing the Municipal third party came in. They were W. H. Starr, J. F. Reed, Charles E. Schroll, H. P. Page, W. W. Linn and John Ulrich. Of that number W. H. Starr, C. E. Schroll, H. P. Page and W. W. Linn made speeches. Joseph Dansby and Robert Roger also spoke. They both spoke as reformers.

A resolution was then presented, evidently intended to be in the interest of the third party, which was promptly tabled on the ground that it had been plainly stated that there was no purpose in the call for the meeting to commit those present to anything.

Mr. Page in his speech undertook to show the necessity for non partisan city administration, and in the course of his remarks stated that under Mayor Karan's administration gambling was as open and the liquor laws as frequently violated as under subsequent administrations. It did not occur to Mr. Page that Mr. Karan was not a partisan mayor. He was elected on the kind of a ticket that Mr. Page is advocating, and if his statement is correct it simply shows the fallacy of the Municipal club scheme. The first mayor elected by a party was W. B. Chambers, in 1891, and then followed Mayor Moffitt. Mr. Page also dwelt upon civil service, and told how inconsistent it was to appoint men to positions of trust for work done for a party, and yet, as important as this seems to be to Mr. Page, and as devoted as the Municipal club seems to be to municipal civil service reform, Mr. Page and all of them failed to take steps to have the law adopted for Decatur at the coming election. All this shows the hollowness of their pretensions.

The speeches of both Mr. Schroll and Mr. Page were principally against Republicans, while at the same time they claim to be loyal Republicans. But it is the misfortune of all third party people that they drop into attacking the Republicans.

Died This Morning.

Little Miss Core Gilliam died this morning at 5 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Molno, 1034 North Morgan street, aged 3 years, 4 months and 9 days. Death was due to consumption of the brain. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock from the residence. The remains will be taken to Mattoon for burial.

### An Important Notice.

The committee in charge of the arrangements for the German Baptists are now ready to receive communications from those who will receive lodgers during the meeting. All communications should be addressed to S. W. Johns at 142 East Prairie street.

In the circuit clerk's office to-day

Frances K. Armstrong through her attorney, J. M. Gray, filed a bill for a divorce from her husband, Henry B. Armstrong, alleging drunkenness and extreme and repeated cruelty. There are no children. They were married September 7, 1890, at Charleston, Ill.

The Municipal third party has abandoned its battle cry, "public gambling," and has turned its batteries upon an ex-non-partisan alderman of the Fifth ward who defeated the Republican can-

didate, Mr. Keas, in 1892.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

W. H. HUGHES AND BOB.

## A STATEMENT

Submitted to the Public by  
Ex-Ald. Bob Ferguson.

Libel Suit Started by Mr. Ferguson Against All His Accusers.

To the EDITOR: I am compelled, in self defense, to ask a portion of your space to-day. Some persons, claiming to be officers of the Municipal club, have caused to be published in the daily papers of this morning, an article, the effect and intention of which is to accuse me of having prostituted the office of alderman of this city, and of having corruptly received two hundred dollars for some service, influence, or vote in the city council in reference to the purchase of a pump.

The inference intended to be drawn from the article is a lie, pure and simple. I never received from anybody, directly or indirectly, one cent, or the promise of a cent, for any vote which I cast as alderman in reference to the purchase of this pump.

The facts are, in 1892 the City of Decatur invited proposals for the furnishing and erection of a pump. Several parties competed and made bids, and the committee on water and light recommended that the Ellis pump be purchased. This recommendation was adopted by the city council, as I recollect, by a unanimous vote, but owing to some irregularity in the proceedings the mayor refused his sanction to the proposal and the action of the council, and other bids were invited by advertisement.

The persons manufacturing the Hughes pump, with several others, submitted bids. These bids were referred to the committee on water and light in December, 1892. On Dec. 28, the committee on water and light recommended the purchase and erection of the Hughes pump. I was not a member of that committee. On Jan. 3, 1893, the city council, by a unanimous vote, adopted the recommendation of the committee, and ordered the mayor and city clerk to enter into contract with the Hughes Pump company for the purchase. The contract was made and dated Jan. 4, 1893, the purchase price being \$5,300, to be paid when the pump was in position and pronounced satisfactory. My recollection is, that I voted to sustain the recommendation of the committee. The pump was erected, and accepted by the City council in October, 1893.

I was not on the committee which purchased the pump in 1892, but was upon the committee in 1893 when it was finally ordered that the pump should be paid for.

While Mr. W. H. Hughes was here attending to the acceptance of the pump and receiving pay for the same, I proposed to him that he should take some life insurance, and after some conversation, on the 14th of October, 1893, Mr. Hughes signed an application, made out upon one of the company's blanks, to the Phoenix Life Insurance company for a twenty-year endowment policy.

Thinking that he was not in good health, Mr. Hughes resolved, before submitting to examination, to consult first his own physician and to have him examine and to ascertain if he was in good health.

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